# SAFETY DATA SHEET



### DensDefy™ Liquid Barrier

### **Section 1. Identification**

Product identifier : DensDefy™ Liquid Barrier

Product List : Not available.

Other means of : Not available.

identification

SDS # : Not available.

Product type : Liquid

### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use

Not available.

Restrictions on use

For professional users only.

Supplier's details : Georgia-Pacific Canada LP

133 Peachtree Street NE Atlanta. GA 30303

Technical Information: 800.225.6119

SDS Request: 404.652.5119 E-mail: SDSREQ@gapac.com

Emergency telephone number (with hours of

operation)

: Chemtrec - Emergency: 800.424.9300

### Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

: SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

**GHS label elements** 

Hazard pictograms





Signal word : Danger

**Hazard statements**: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (respiratory

tract)

**Precautionary statements** 

**Prevention**: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions

have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Do not breathe vapor. Contaminated work clothing should

not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. Take off contaminated

clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin

irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage : Store locked up.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

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### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture
Other means of

: Mixture : Not available.

identification

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
Calcium carbonate	15 - 40	1317-65-3
N-(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethylenediamine	1 - 5	1760-24-3
Titanium dioxide	0.5 - 1.5	13463-67-7
dibutylbis(pentane-2,4-dionato-O,O')tin	0.1 - 1	22673-19-4

### **Composition Comments**

Not available.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First-aid measures

### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact

: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

**Eye contact**: No specific data.

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### Section 4. First-aid measures

**Inhalation**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

### See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing media

ishing: None known.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical** 

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

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### Section 6. Accidental release measures

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

#### **Environmental precautions**

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

### **Small spill**

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

: Approach release from upwind. Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

#### **Protective measures**

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Control parameters** 

**Occupational exposure limits** 

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Calcium carbonate	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2019).  TWA: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust  TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust STEL: 20 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).  8 hrs OEL: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours.  CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).  TWAEV: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust.  CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).  STEL: 20 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Titanium dioxide	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2019).  TWA: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust  TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust  CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).  TWAEV: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust.  CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).  8 hrs OEL: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours.  CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).  TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours.  CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).  STEL: 20 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours.
dibutylbis(pentane-2,4-dionato-O,O')tin	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).  Absorbed through skin.  15 min OEL: 0.2 mg/m³, (as Sn) 15 minutes.  8 hrs OEL: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Sn) 8 hours.  CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2019). Absorbed through skin.  TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Sn) 8 hours.  STEL: 0.2 mg/m³, (as Sn) 15 minutes.  CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).  Absorbed through skin.  TWAEV: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Sn) 8 hours.  STEV: 0.2 mg/m³, (as Sn) 15 minutes.  CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).  Absorbed through skin.  TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Sn) 8 hours.  CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). Absorbed through skin.  STEL: 0.2 mg/m³, (measured as Sn) 15 minutes.  TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (measured as Sn) 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Environmental exposure** controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### Individual protection measures

### Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

### **Eye/face protection**

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

### Skin protection

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

### **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

### Respiratory protection

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### **Appearance**

: Liquid [Viscous] **Physical state** 

: Yellow. Color

Odor : Not available. **Odor threshold** : Not available. : Not available. pΗ **Melting point** : Not available. : Not available. **Boiling point** 

Flash point : Open cup: >100°C (>212°F)

: Not available. **Evaporation rate** : Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Lower and upper explosive : Not available.

(flammable) limits

Vapor pressure

: Not available. Vapor density : Not available.

**Relative density** 1.31

Solubility Not available.

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# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Solubility in water
Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Not available.Not applicable.

. Not applicable

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : Not available.

Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

Incompatible materials : No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Calcium carbonate N-(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)	LD50 Oral LD50 Oral	Rat Rat	6450 mg/kg 2413 mg/kg	-
ethylenediamine Titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists LD50 Oral	Rat Rat	3.43 mg/l >5000 mg/kg	4 hours

### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
N-(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl) ethylenediamine	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	15 mg	-
Titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit Human	-	500 mg 72 hours 300 ug I	-

### **Sensitization**

Not available.

### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	,	Route of exposure	Target organs
dibutylbis(pentane-2,4-dionato-O,O')tin	Category 1	-	thymus

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
N-(3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl)ethylenediamine	Category 2	inhalation	respiratory tract

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

Eye contactInhalationNo known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : No specific data.

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### Short term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once

sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very

low levels.

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## Section 11. Toxicological information

Carcinogenicity

Mutagenicity

: Prolonged exposure to respirable titanium dioxide may cause cancer. However due to the physical form of this product (cured and uncured), exposures are not

expected under normal condition of use.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Teratogenicity**: May damage the unborn child.

**Developmental effects**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : May damage fertility.

### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Route	ATE value
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	41.28 mg/l

# Section 12. Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Not available.

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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# Section 14. Transport information

	TDG Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according: Not available.

to IMO instruments

### **Section 15. Regulatory information**

### Canadian lists

Canadian NPRI : None of the components are listed.

CEPA Toxic substances : None of the components are listed.

Canada inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

International regulations

**Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals** 

Not listed.

**Montreal Protocol** 

Not listed.

**Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants** 

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

**UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals** 

Not listed.

**Inventory list** 

Australia : Not determined.
China : Not determined.
Europe : Not determined.

Japan : Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

Malaysia : Not determinedNew Zealand : Not determined.

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### Section 15. Regulatory information

Philippines : Not determined.
Republic of Korea : Not determined.
Taiwan : Not determined.
Turkey : Not determined.
United States : Not determined.

### Section 16. Other information

### **History**

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**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations

### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2	Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method

#### References

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

This SDS is intended to quickly provide useful information to the user(s) of this material or product. It is not intended to serve as a comprehensive discussion of all possible risks or hazards, and it assumes a reasonable use of the product. The information contained in this SDS is believed to be accurate as of the date of preparation of this SDS and has been compiled from sources believed to be reliable. It is offered for your consideration, investigation and verification. The user or handler (or their employer) should consider the specific conditions in which this material will be used, handled, or stored and determine what specific safety or other precautions are required. Employers should ensure that their employees, agents, contractors, and customers who will use the product receive adequate warnings and safe handling procedures, including a current SDS. Product users or handlers (or their employer) who are unsure of what specific precautions are required should consult their employer, product supplier, or safety or health professionals before handling or working with this product. Please notify us immediately if you believe this SDS or other safety and health information about this product is inaccurate or incomplete.

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